A WRF SIMULATION OF THE ASYMMETRIC RAPID INTENSIFICATION AND TROUGH INTERACTION OF TROPICAL STORM GABRIELLE (2001)

> Diana Thomas and John Molinari State University of New York at Albany March 28, 2011

Motivation

Rapid Intensification

- > 20 hPa fall < 3 hrs</p>
- High shear 13 ms⁻¹
 - Asymmetric

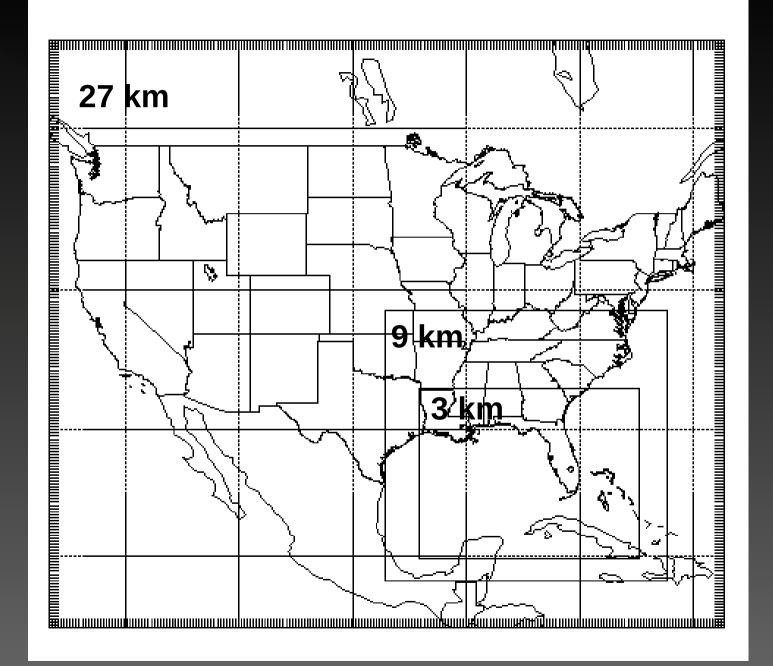
> Upper tropospheric trough interaction

Convective CellDSL



Evaluate model Reproduce intensification

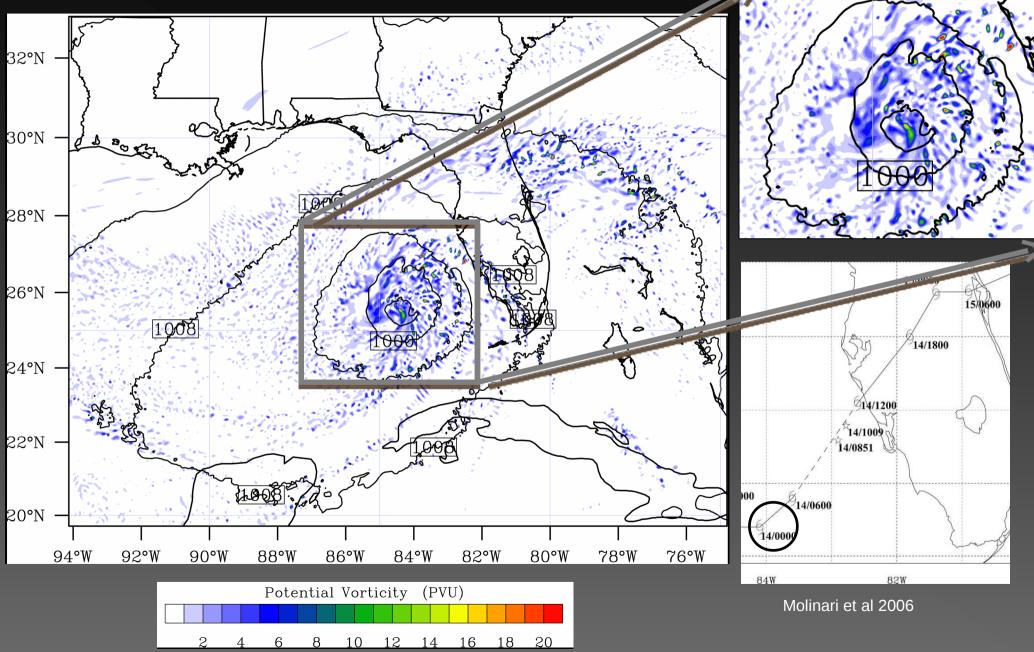
GFS Initial State1 deg



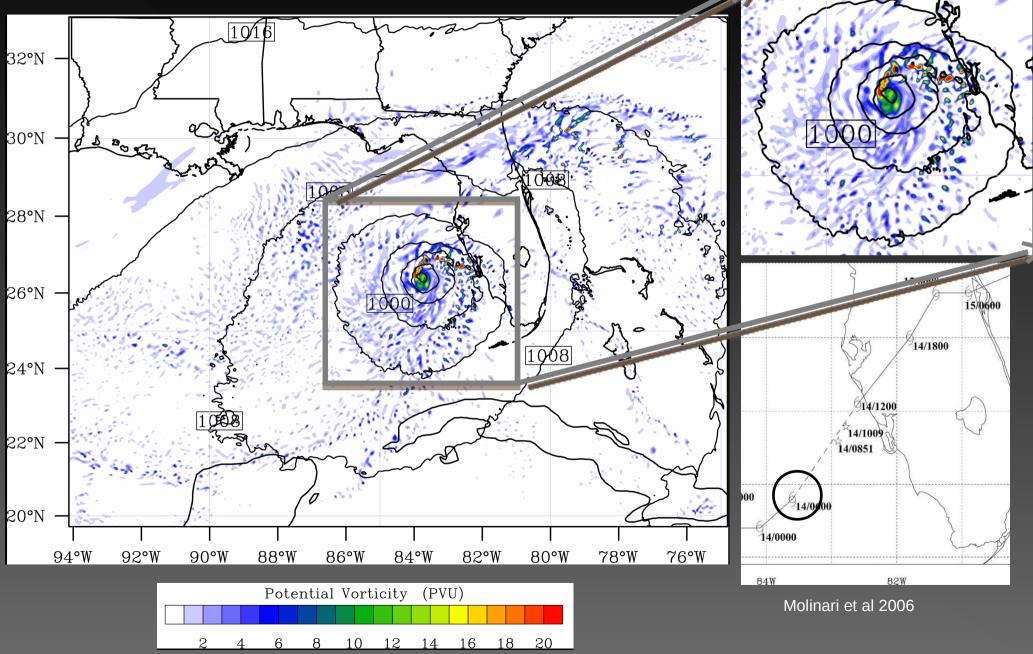
Simulations

- > WRF 3.2
- Microphysics 6 Single Moment 6 class scheme
 - vi, qc, qr, qg, qv, qs
 - Suitable for high resolution simulations
- Cumulus Parameterization 1- Kain Fritsch (27km/9km only)
- Initialized at 1200 UTC 13th of September 2001

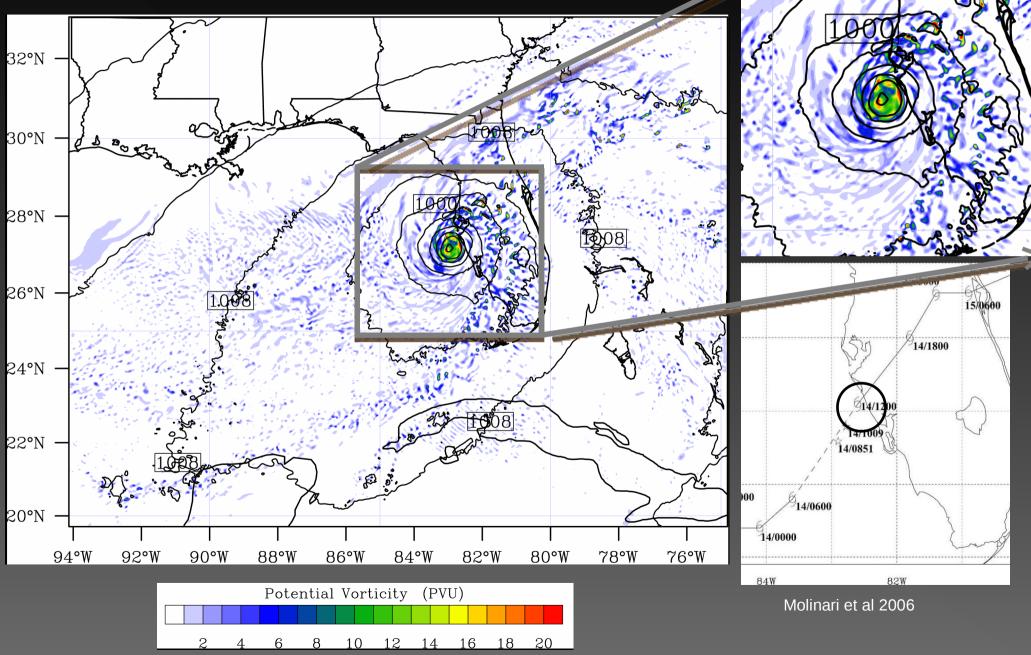
850 hPa PV 0000UTC



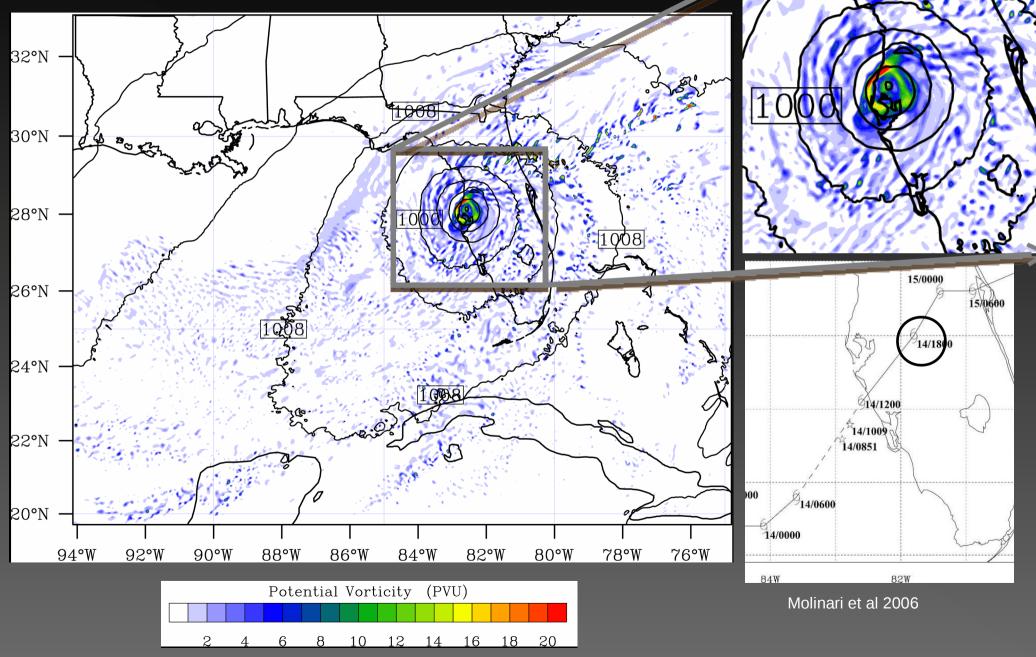
850 hPa PV 0600UTC



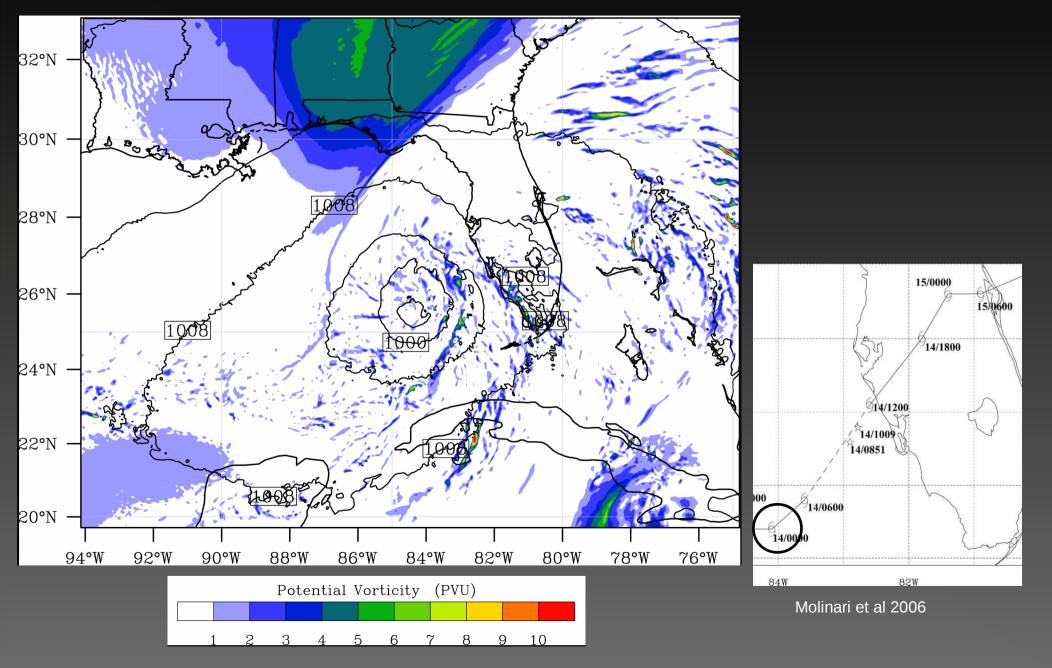
850 hPa PV 1200UTC



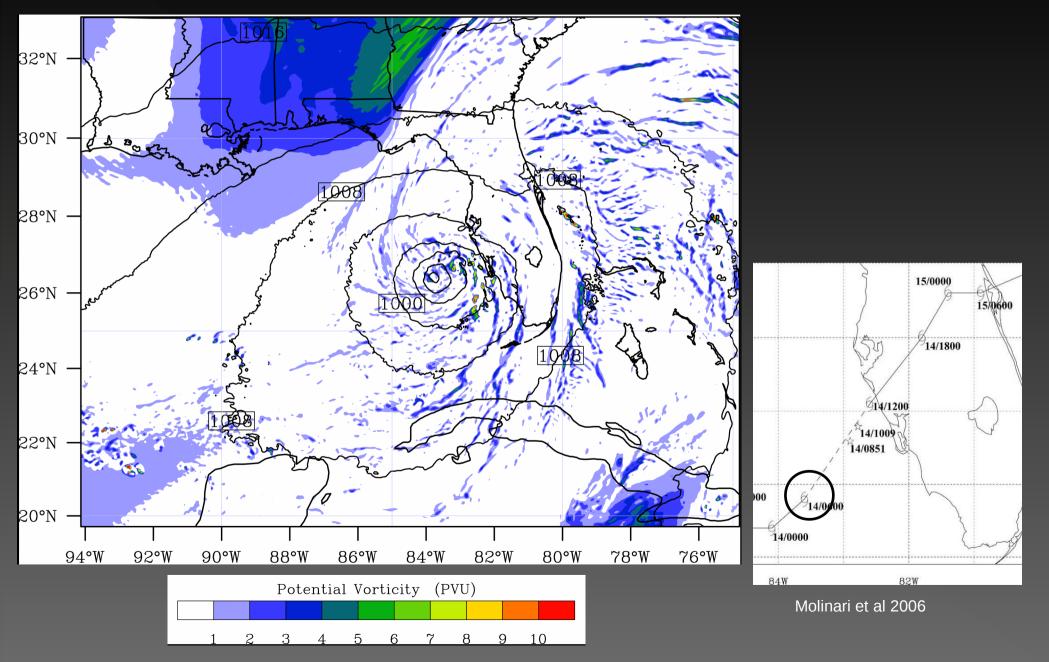
850 hPa PV 1800UTC



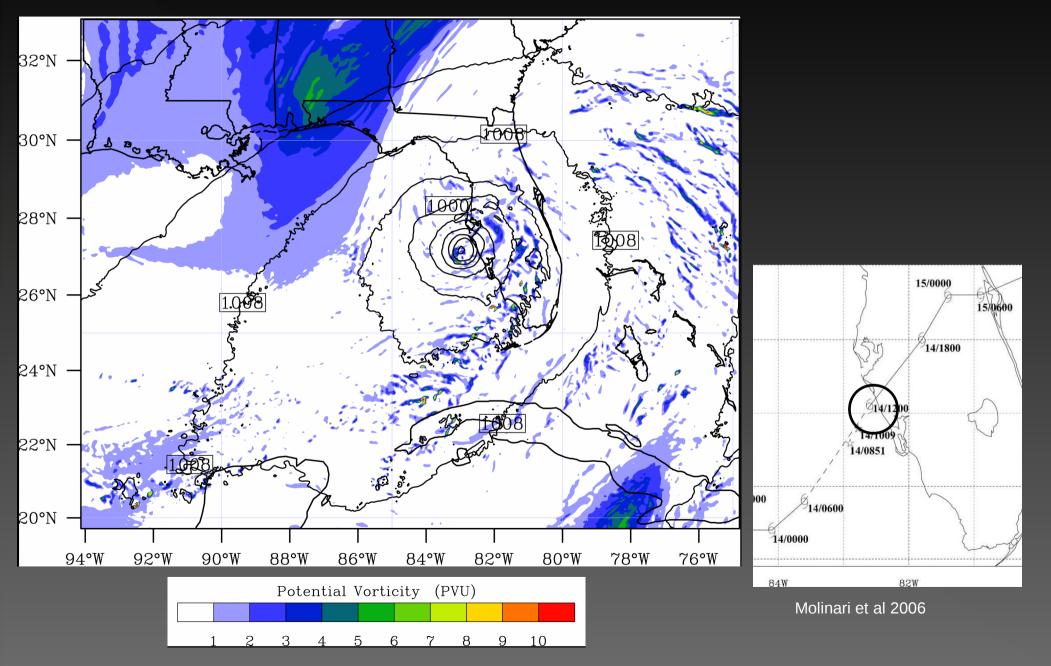
200 hPa PV 0000 UTC



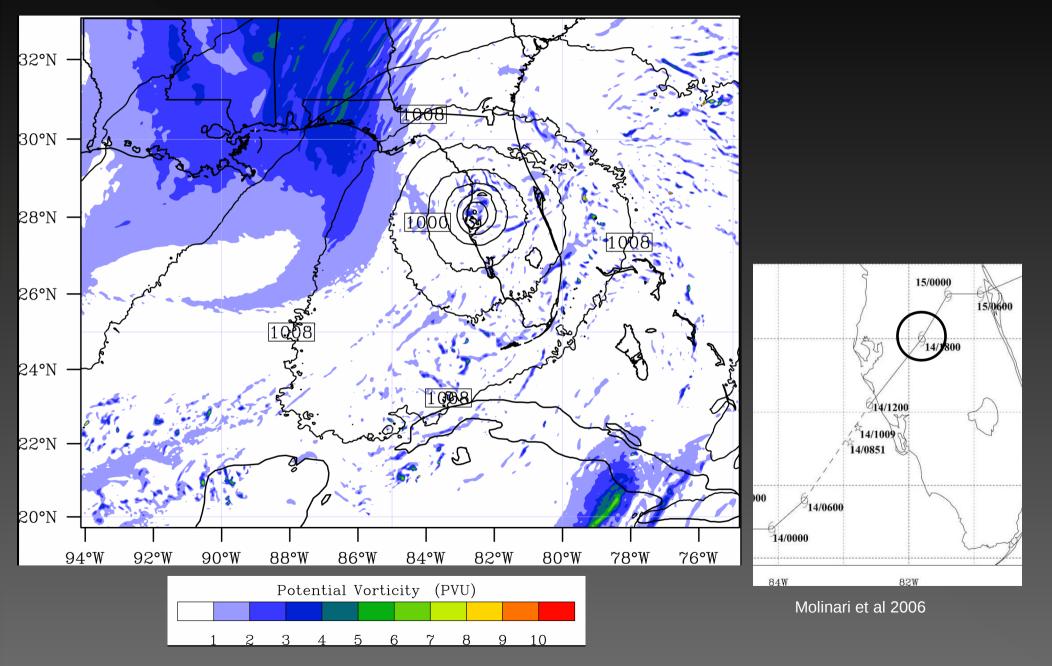
200 hPa PV 0600 UTC



200 hPa PV 1200 UTC



200 hPa PV 1800 UTC

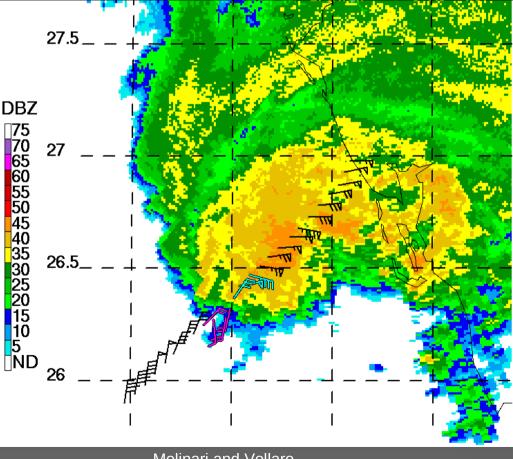


Convective Signature

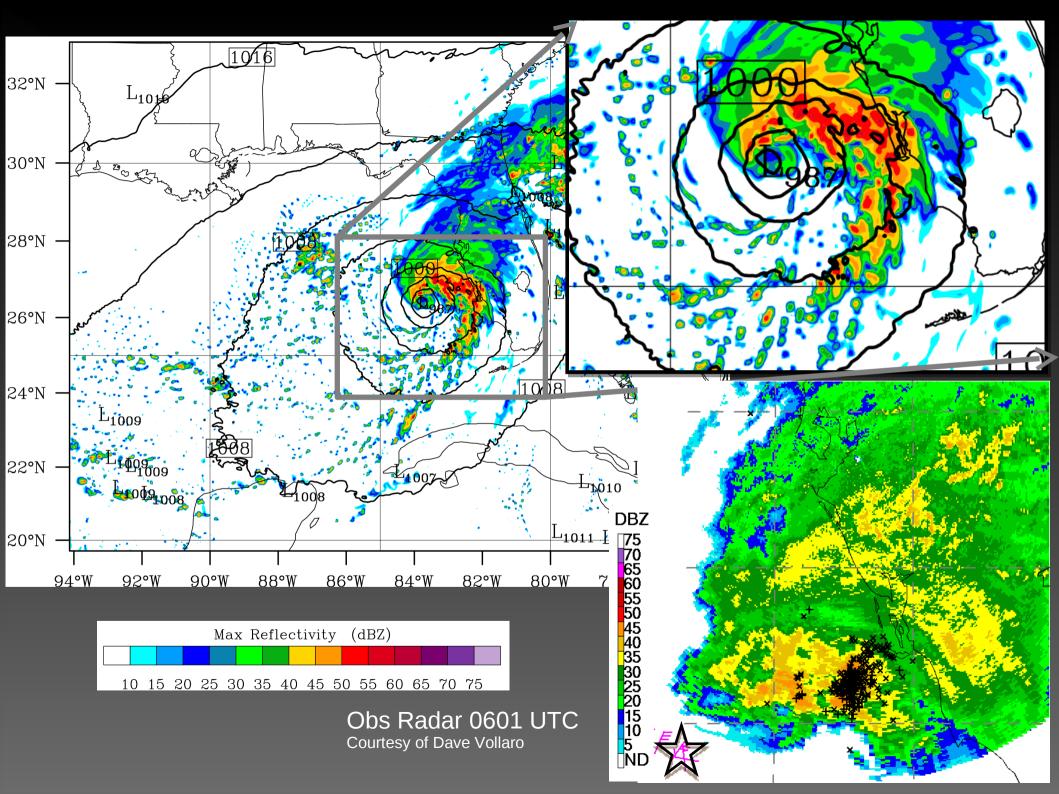
• 0741 UTC observed radar imagery from Tampa 27.5_____

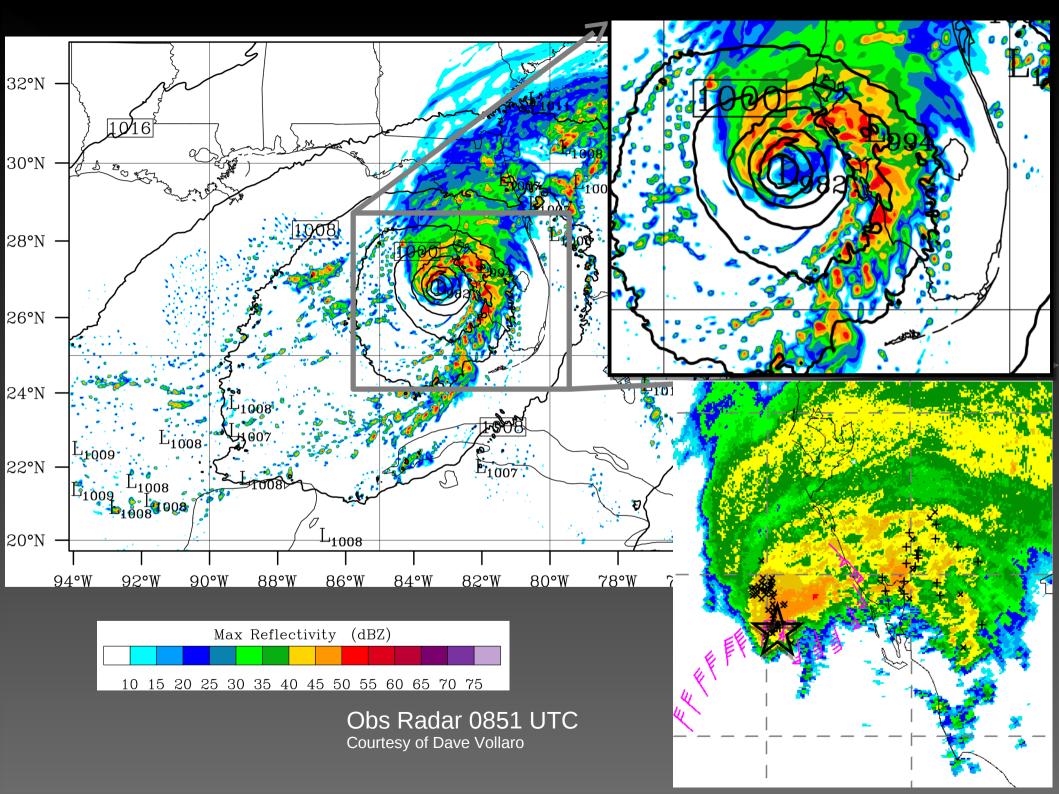
Convective Cell NE of second center 20 min late

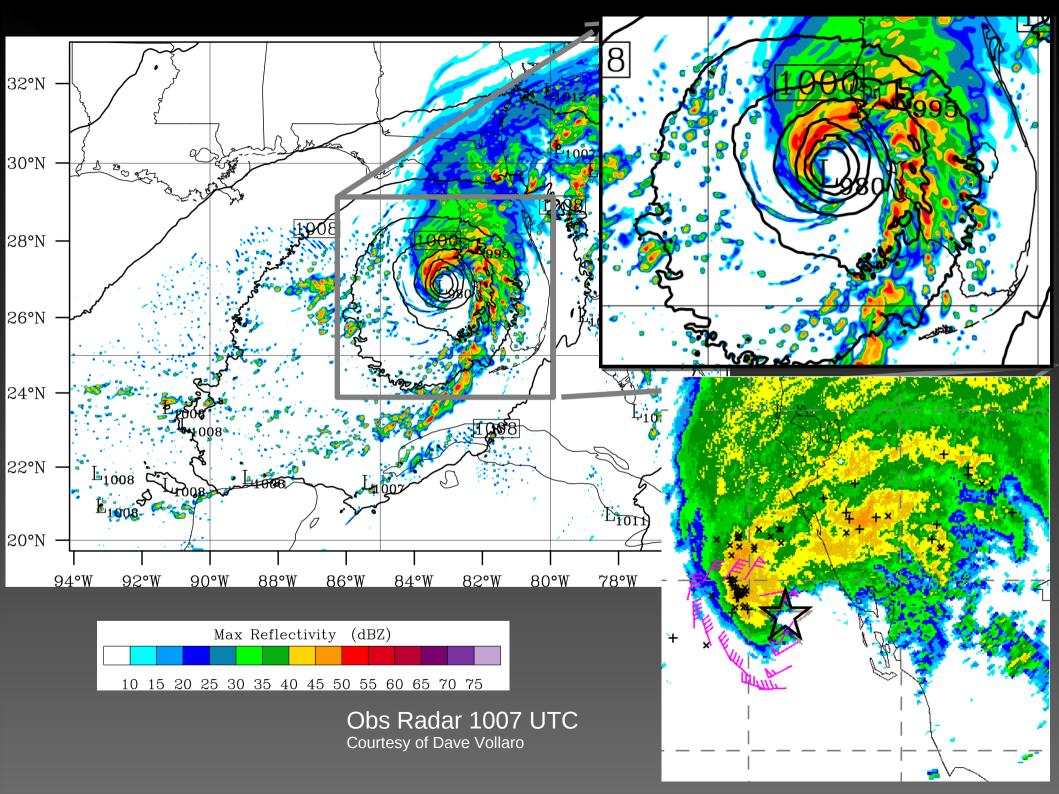
Simulation lags observation

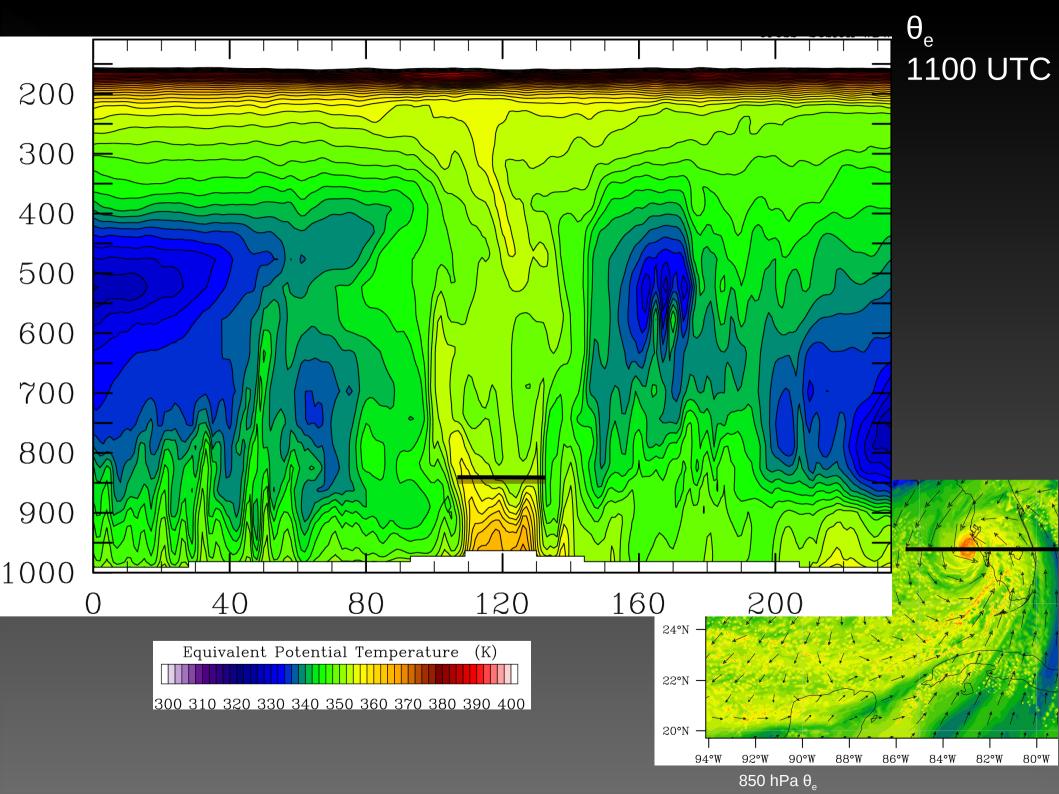


Molinari and Vollaro 2010









MSLP

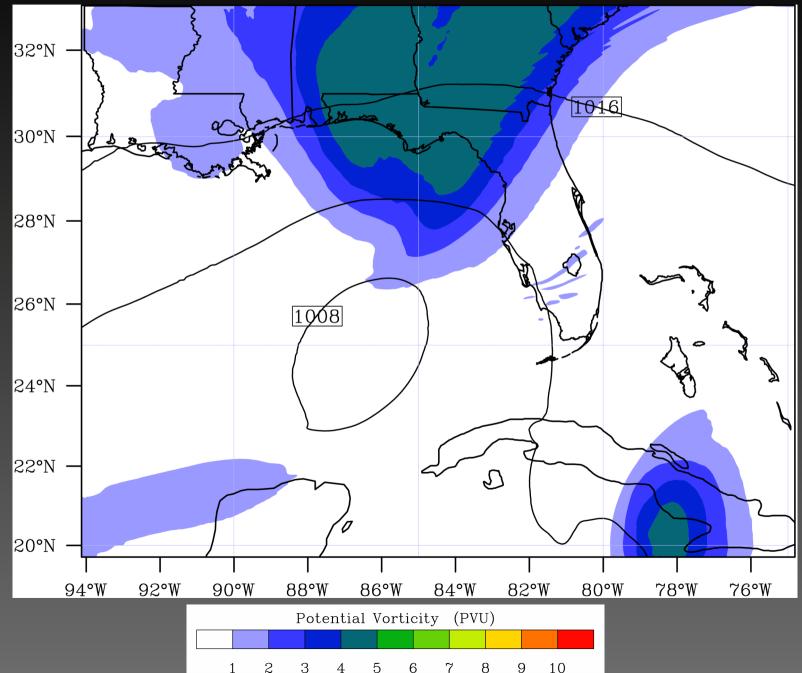
	Obser∨ed (Molinari et al 2006)	Model
0600 UTC	994 (615)	987
0700 UTC		985
0800 UTC		984
0900 UTC	972 (844)	982
1000 UTC	980 (1009)	980
1100 UTC	983 (1132)	978
1200 UTC		979
1300 UTC		981

Trial Simulation

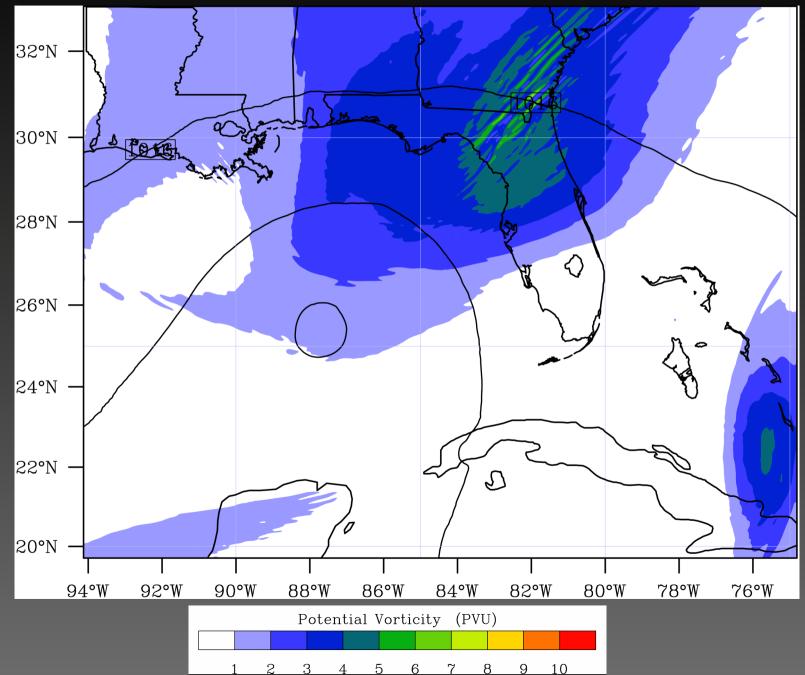
Removed all diabatic heating to capture trough evolution

 No latent heating, Convective scheme
 Microphysics, PBL, Surface Fluxes, Radiation (SW, LW)

200 hPa PV 0000UTC



200 hPa PV 1200UTC



Conclusions

Well simulated aspects of Gabrielle

- Overall track and intensity are well simulated
- Convective orientation with respect to the center during intensification
- Not so well simulated aspects of Gabrielle
 - Upper level trough is not far enough East
 - As a result track begins to degrade 1200 UTC - 1800UTC
 - > May represent over prediction of

Conclusions

When all diabatic heating is removed, the upper level trough continues to propagate eastward without weakening

But without convection, it propagates too fast

What Now?

Run model with 1km grid Simulate long-lasting convective cells between 0500 and 0900 UTC

Evaluate Helicity in the model

 Further experiments with parameterizations
 Microphysics
 PBL